84TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 5096

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 21, 1955

Mr. Keating introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To authorize the admission into evidence in certain criminal proceedings of information intercepted in national security investigations, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That information obtained prior to the effective date of this
- 4 Act by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
- 5 of the Department of Justice; the Assistant Chief of Staff,
- 6 G-2 of the Army General Staff, Department of the Army;
- 7 the Director of Intelligence, Department of the Λir Force;
- 8 and the Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of the
- 9 Navy, through or as a result of the interception of any com-
- 10 munication by wire or radio upon the express written ap-

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1	proval of the Attorney General of the United States and in
2	the course of any investigation to detect or prevent any inter-
3	ference with or endangering of, or any plans or attempts to
4	interfere with or endanger, the national security or defense
5	of the United States by treason, sabotage, espionage, sedition,
6	seditious conspiracy, violations of chapter 115 of title 18 of
7	the United States Code, violations of the Internal Security
8	Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 987), violations of the Atomic Energy
9	Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 755), as amended, and conspiracies
1.0	involving any of the foregoing, shall, notwithstanding the
11	provisions of section 605 of the Communications Act of 1934
12	(48 Stat. 1103), be deemed admissible, if not otherwise
13	inadmissible, in evidence in any criminal proceedings in any
14	court established by Act of Congress, but only in criminal
15	cases involving any of the foregoing violations.
L6	SEC. 2. That information obtained after the effective
17	date of this Act by the Director of the Federal Bureau of
1.8	Investigation of the Department of Justice; the Assistant
19	Chief of Staff, G-2 of the Army General Staff, Department of
20	the Army; the Director of Intelligence, Department of the
21	Air Force; and the Director of Naval Intelligence, Depart-
22	ment of the Navy, through or as a result of the interception
23	of any communication by wire or radio upon the express
24	written approval of the Attorney General of the United

States and in the course of any investigation to detect or

1	prevent any interference with or endangering of, or any plans
2	or attempts to interfere with or endanger, the national secu-
3	rity or defense of the United States by treason, sabotage.
4	espionage, sedition, seditious conspiracy, violations of chapter
5	115 of title 18 of the United States Code, violations of the
6	Internal Security Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 987), violations
7	of the Atomic Energy Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 755), as
8	amended, and conspiracies involving any of the foregoing,
9	shall, notwithstanding the provisions of section 605 of the
10	Communications Act of 1934 (48 Stat. 1103), be deemed
11	admissible, if not otherwise inadmissible, in evidence in any
12	criminal proceedings in any court established by Act of
13	Congress, but only in criminal cases involving any of the
14	foregoing violations: Provided, That prior to intercepting the
15	communications from which the information is obtained, an
16	authorized agent of any one of said investigatorial agencies
17	shall have been issued an ex parte order by a judge of any
18	United States Court of Appeals or a United States district
19	court, authorizing the agent to intercept such communications.
20	Upon application by any authorized agent of any one of said
21	I investigatorial agencies to intercept communications in the
22	2 conduct of investigations pursuant to this section, a judge of
25	any United States Court of Appeals or a United States
2	4 district court may issue an ex parte order, signed by the
2	5 judge with his title of office, authorizing the applicant to

- 1 intercept such communications, if the judge is satisfied that
- 2 there is reasonable cause to believe that such crime or crimes
- 3 have been or are about to be committed and that the com-
- 4 munications may contain information which would assist in
- 5 the conduct of such investigations.
- 6 Sec. 3. No person shall divulge, publish, or use the
- 7 existence, contents, substance, purport, or meaning of any
- 8 information contained in any aforesaid ex parte order or
- 9 obtained pursuant to the provisions of this Act otherwise
- 10 than for the purpose hereinbefore enumerated.
- V 11 SEC. 4. No person shall intercept or attempt to inter-
 - 12 cept any communication by wire or radio, not being author-
 - 13 ized in advance by the sender or the recipient thereof, except
 - 14 (1) authorized agents of the United States seeking evidence
 - 15 in accordance with the provisions of this Act, (2) author-
 - 16 ized agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation seeking
 - 17 to detect or prevent any felony as defined in chapter 1 of
 - 18 title 18 of the United States Code, or (3) authorized agents
 - 19 of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States
 - 20 acting by authority of a law of such State, Territory, or
 - 21 possession.
 - SEC. 5. Any person who willfully and knowingly vio-
 - 23 lates any provisions of this Act shall be fined not more than
 - 24 \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than one year and a day, or
 - 25 both.

Approved For Release 2000/09/11 : CIA-RDP59-00224A000100130019-1

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- 1 Sec. 6. All carriers subject to the Communications Act
- 2 of 1934 (48 Stat. 1103) are hereby authorized to permit
- 3 such interception and disclosure of any such communications
- 4 by wire or radio.
- 5 Sec. 7. If any provision of this section or the applica-
- 6 tion of such provision to any circumstance shall be held in-
- 7 valid, the validity of the remainder of this section and the
- 8 applicability of such provision to other circumstances shall
- 9 not be affected thereby.

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BILL

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By Mr. KEATING

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